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DATE MAILED: 05/20/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/909,265	07/19/2001	Anthony Vernon Walker Smith	15-979	9891
27667	7590 05/20/2005		EXAMINER	
HAYES, SOLOWAY P.C. 130 W. CUSHING STREET			LI, SHI K	
TUCSON, AZ			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2633	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4.		<u>, 0'</u>					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Advisory Action	09/909,265	SMITH ET AL.					
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Shi K. Li	2633					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	lress				
THE REPLY FILED <u>05 May 2005</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c e with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply mu	idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)				
a) \square The period for reply expires $\underline{3}$ months from the mailing date			•				
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN THE PROPERTY OF THE							
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 70 Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.1 tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origing than three months after the mailing date.	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action; or (2) as				
NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed AMENDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of ne appeal. Since				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, to (a) They raise new issues that would require further core (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below (c) They are not deemed to place the application in between the contract of th	nsideration and/or search (see NO w);	TE below);					
appeal; and/or (d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a o	corresponding number of finally reje	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324).							
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):							
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 	lowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendme	ent canceling the				
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: 10,12-15,18 and 21-25.		l be entered and an e	explanation of				
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-9.11,16,17,19,20 and 26-37</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 3. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but	t before or on the date of filing a Ne	sting of Appeal will be					
because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	d sufficient reasons why the affidav	it or other evidence is	s necessary and				
The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. As a replaced in the sufficient reasons.	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. Se	al and/or appellant fai ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(ls to provide a 1).				
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER		•					
 The request for reconsideration has been considered but <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowar	nce because:				
2. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s).	PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper N	o(s)					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 4-05)

13. Other: __

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The Applicant argues that Kim does not disclose or suggest the engineering of such paths as is required by claims 1, 3-4, 16 and 36. The Examiner disagrees. FIG. 1 of Kim shows a 10-hop lightpath which is a concatenation of two 2-span paths and two 3-span paths. The placement of regenerators breaks a lightpath into a plurality of smaller (shorter) regenerator paths.

The Applicant argues that Kim nor Banerjee, taken separately or in combination, neither suggest the construction of 'n' valid link paths connecting a source node and destination node nor the configuring of 'm' groups of viable regenerator paths corresponding to a respective associated link path, as recited in claim 2. The Applicant then argues that there is no suggestion or motivation in Kim or Banerjee to combine one with the other. The Examiner disagrees. To appreciate the teaching of Kim and Banerjee, some background knowledge is helpful. Kim and Banerjee address the problem of wavelength routing in mesh WDM network. Kim clearly indicates that the regenerator placement algorithms are built on top of wavelength routing and cites in the introduction section references [1-3], i.e., Ramaswami et al., Zhang et al. and Mokhtar et al., which are included in PTO-892 of instant Office Action as prior art references. Banerjee also teaches improvement on wavelength routing and cites, for example, Zhang et al. In summary, the teachings of Kim and Banerjee are as follows. Given a WDM mesh network, we want to setup lightpaths between source-destination pairs. There may exist a plurality of lightpaths between a given source-destination pair. Banerjee teaches to find an optimal lightpath that meets certain criteria. Once an optimal lightpath is found or selected, Kim teaches to divide the lightpaths into a plurality of regenerator paths such that the cost is minimized. This reads on claim 2 and claims 19-20.

Regarding claim 34, Kim suggest in page 26, left col., Eq. (2) to minimize a cost function for determining the placement of regenerators. The cost function depends on two parameters: Bij and q(i,j). Bij corresponds to the performance parameter of instant claim and q(i,j) corresponds to status and operation parameter of instant claim. Kim suggests in Eq. (3) that q(i,j) depends on the number of unoccupied Txs/Rxs (i.e., regenerators) of node j. It is understood that once the placement of regenerator has been determined, the regenerators are switch into the operation in the path between the source and destination..

M. R. SEDIGHIAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER